PRESSURE-VOLUME-TEMPERATURE RELATIONSHIPS OF LIQUID DICHLOROMETHANE AND TRICHLOROMETHANE

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The specific volumes of liquid dichloromethane and trichloromethane were measured at constant temperature by the variable volume method using a glass piezometer in the temperature range from 273 to 348 K and in the pressure range up to 100 MPa. The specific volume vs. pressure isotherms are expressed by the Tait equation within an accuracy of 0.07%.

The PVT relationships of fluids provide source of the most fundamental thermodynamic data. The Tait equation is considerably used for describing PVT data, but its use has been limited to compounds for which the Tait parameters are available. The PVT data for polar liquids are useful in correlating the Tait parameters for a wide variety of liquids containing nonpolar and polar substances. Relatively few measurements of polar liquids have been reported in the literature. In our previous studies, the PVT data have been obtained for polar liquids of NH $_3$, $^{1)}$ SO $_2$, $^{2)}$ CCl $_2$ F $_2$, CHClF $_2$, CH $_3$ Cl, CH $_3$ I, CH $_3$ Br, C $_2$ H $_5$ Br, CH $_3$ COOCH $_3$, $^{3)}$ and CH $_3$ COOC $_2$ H $_5$, $^{4)}$ but these data were insufficient for investigating the polar correction for the Tait parameters. The purpose of this paper was to obtain the specific volumes of CH $_2$ Cl $_2$ and CHCl $_3$ in the temperature range from 273 to 348 K and at pressures up to 100 MPa. The compressibility data for the chlorine substituted methanes were obtained only at 298 K by Newitt and Weale. $^{5)}$

The apparatus and the experimental procedure are the same as those reported previously. The estimated error in the specific volume due to the uncertainty of mass, volume, temperature, and pressure measurements does not exceed 0.04%. $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2 \text{ and CHCl}_3 \text{ of reagent grade were obtained from Nakarai Chemicals Ltd., and used without further purification.} The gas chromatography analysis showed that the <math display="block"> \text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2 \text{ was not contaminated with foreign matters, but the CHCl}_3 \text{ with 0.45 wt% } \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH.}$

The measured specific volumes are shown in Table 1. The values of the saturated liquid specific volume for CHCl_3 in the literature 6 are lower by 0.35% than the ones obtained in this study. The corresponding values for $\mathrm{CH}_2\mathrm{Cl}_2$ are not available in the literature. The compression values at 298 K determined by Newitt and Weale 5 are 4.7 % (maximum dev.) less than the ones obtained for both substances in this study.

The Tait equation can be written in terms of the specific volume, $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{p}}$, at pressure, p, as:

$$V_p = V_0 (1 - C \ln((p+B)/(p_0+B))),$$
 (1)

where V_0 is the specific volume at the saturated vapor pressure, p_0 , and C, B the Tait parameters. The two Tait parameters were determined from the experimental pressure-volume data for each isotherms by the least squares method, as listed in Table 2. The maximum deviations of the experimental PVT data from the Tait equation are 0.07% for CH_2Cl_2 and 0.04% for $CHCl_3$, respectively.

The effects of polarity and temperature on the Tait parameter, B, will be discussed elsewhere. 7)

V _p (CH ₂ Cl ₂)/10 ⁻³ m ³ kg ⁻¹					$v_{p}(CHCl_{3})/10^{-3} \text{m}^{3} \text{kg}^{-1}$				
T/K P/10 ⁵ Pa	298.15	323.15	348.15	T/K P/10 ⁵ Pa 2		298.15	323.15	348.15	
(_{P0})	(0.6) ^a 0.7593	(1.4) ^a 0.7874	(2.9) ^a 0.8190		(0.1) ^a 0.6574	(0.3) ^a 0.6782	(0.7) ^a 0.7013	(1.6) ^a 0.7266	
101	0.7517	0.7780	0.8073	108	0.6515	0.6709	0.6925	0.7149	
253	0.7424	0.7657	0.7909	254	0.6446	0.6622	0.6815	0.7019	
405	0.7332	0.7546	0.7772	401	0.6381	0.6545	0.6723	0.6907	
557	0.7256	0.7453	0.7660	547	0.6323	0.6474	0.6639	0.6809	
709	0.7183	0.7370	0.7562	694	0.6270	0.6413	0.6569	0.6725	
861	0.7118	0.7291	0.7475	840	0.6220	0.6356	0.6506	0.6652	

Table 1. Specific volumes of dichloromethane and trichloromethane

0.6177 0.6304 0.6445 0.6582

Table 2.	Tait equat	ion parameters	for	dichloromethane	and	trichloromethane

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	CH ₂ Cl ₂			CHC13			
T/K	B/10 ⁵ Pa	a C	T/K	B/10 ⁵ Pa	С		
-			273.15	1108			
298.15	1001)	298.15	899			
323.15	793	0.1010	323.15	733	0.0952		
348.15	616)	348.15	583			

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References

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0.7059

0.7221

0.7392

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^aSaturated vapor pressure, p₀/10⁵Pa